

### Problems on differentials

1. The volume  $V$  of a right circular cylinder is related to the radius  $r$  and height  $h$  of the cylinder by  $V = \pi r^2 h$ .

(a) Find the linear relation among the differentials  $dV$ ,  $dr$ , and  $dh$ .

$$\text{Answer: } dV = \pi r^2 dh + 2\pi r h dr$$

(b) Use your result from (a) to deduce a relation among percent changes in  $V$ ,  $r$ , and  $h$ .

$$\text{Answer: } \frac{dV}{V} = \frac{dh}{h} + 2\frac{dr}{r}$$

(c) If the height and radius of a cylinder are each increased by 1%, by what percent does the volume increase?

$$\text{Answer: } 3\%$$

(d) If the height of a cylinder is increased by 1%, how must the radius be changed to keep volume constant?

$$\text{Answer: } \text{Decrease radius by } 1/2\%$$

2. Consider a consumer who can purchase different amounts of three commodities: apples, bananas, and cherries. Let  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  be the amount purchased of each (measured in pounds). A simple model used by economists assigns a utility  $U$  (in units we'll call *utils*) to each bundle  $(a, b, c)$  the consumer can purchase according to the formula

$$U = k a^{1/2} b^{1/6} c^{1/3}$$

where  $k = 1$  util/lb (to keep units consistent).

(a) Find the linear relation among differentials  $dU$ ,  $da$ ,  $db$ , and  $dc$ .

(b) Use your result from (a) to deduce a relation among percent changes in  $U$ ,  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ .

(c) For which of the commodities would 1% increase in amount purchased lead to the smallest change in utility? What is the percentage change in utility corresponding to a 1% increase in the amount purchased of that commodity?

3. The volume  $V$  of a sphere is related to the radius  $r$  of the sphere by  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ .

(a) Find the linear relation between the differentials  $dV$  and  $dr$ .

(b) Suppose volume and radius are changing in time  $t$ . Use your result from (a) to get a relation between the rate of change in  $V$  with respect to  $t$  and the rate of change in  $r$  with respect to  $t$ .

(c) Suppose air is being pumped into a balloon at the rate 0.2 cubic meters per second. How fast is the radius changing at the time when the radius is 1.5 meters?

4. Consider the relation  $z = \cos(xy)$ .
  - (a) Find the linear relation among the differentials  $dx$ ,  $dy$ , and  $dz$ .
  - (b) Consider a level curve in the  $xy$ -plane for  $z$  constant so  $dz = 0$ . Use your relation from (a) to get a formula for the slope  $dy/dx$  of a level curve.
  - (c) Use your result in (b) to compute the slope of the level curve that passes through the point  $(x, y) = (5, 2)$ .
  
5. Suppose  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$  are related by a function  $z = f(x, y)$ .
  - (a) Find the linear relation among the differentials  $dx$ ,  $dy$ , and  $dz$ . Note that this will involve partial derivatives of  $f$ .
  - (b) Consider a level curve of  $f$  with  $z$  constant so  $dz = 0$ . Use your relation from (a) to get a general formula for the slope  $dy/dx$  of a level curve in terms of partial derivatives of  $f$ .
  - (c) What condition must hold in order for you to use your result from (b) to compute  $dy/dx$ ?
  
6. Problem 48 in Section 12.6
  
7. Problem 49 in Section 12.6