## "Goodness of fit" signficance test problem

For peanut butter M\&M's, the Mars Candy Company reports proportions for each color as given in the following table.

| Color | Blue | Brown | Green | Orange | Red | Yellow |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Proportion | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.20 |

Based on this we can form the following hypotheses:
$\mathrm{H}_{0}$ : The proportions are as listed above.
$\mathrm{H}_{a}$ : The proportions are not as listed above.
To carry out a signficance test on these hypotheses, we get a sample of peanut butter M\&M's and measure the color for each one in the sample. Counts from such a sample (as measured by Professor James Bernhard) are given in the following table.

| Color | Blue | Brown | Green | Orange | Red | Yellow |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Observed count | 28 | 42 | 34 | 24 | 21 | 52 |
| Expected count |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contribution to $\chi^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(a) Compute the expected counts and record these in the table above.
(b) Compute the contributions to $\chi^{2}$ and record these in the table above.
(c) Compute the total value for the $\chi^{2}$-statistic.
(d) Determine the $P$-value for your $\chi^{2}$-statistic value from (c).
(e) Use your $P$-value from (d) to assess the evidence from this sample against $\mathrm{H}_{0}$.
(f) Write a conclusion in real-world terms.

