Chapter 14 of University Calculus, Hass, Weir, Thomas

Below is a list of sections and subsections for Chapter 14. In the text, subsections are not numbered but each is set off by a title set in blue type. I've labeled the subsections, given the title, and indicated the page number in parenthesis. On the next page is a list of the subsections in the order we covered them in class.

- 14.1 Line Integral
 - 14.1.1 Definition and how to evaluate (851, unlabeled)
 - 14.1.2 Additivity (853)
 - 14.1.3 Mass and moment calculations (853)
- 14.2 Vector Fields, Work, Circulation, and Flux
 - 14.2.1 Vector fields (857)
 - 14.2.2 Gradient fields (859)
 - 14.2.3 Work done by a force over a curve in space (859)
 - 14.2.4 Flow integrals and circulation for velocity fields (862)
 - 14.2.5 Flux across a plane curve (863)
- 14.3 Path Independence, Potential Functions, and Conservative Fields
 - 14.3.1 Path independence (868)
 - 14.3.2 Assumptions on curves, vector fields, and domains (868)
 - 14.3.3 Line integrals in conservative fields (870)
 - 14.3.4 Finding potentials for conservative fields (872)
 - 14.3.5 Exact differential forms (874)
- 14.4~ Green's Theorem in the Plane
 - 14.4.1 Divergence (878)
 - 14.4.2 Spin around an axis: the \hat{k} -component of curl (879)
 - 14.4.3 Two forms for Green's Theorem (880)
 - 14.4.4 Using Green's Theorem to evaluate line integrals (882)
 - 14.4.5 Proof of Green's Theorem for special regions (883)
- 14.5 $\,$ Surfaces and Area
 - 14.5.1 Parametrizations of surfaces (887)
 - 14.5.2 Surface area (888)
 - 14.5.3 Implicit surfaces (891)
- 14.6 Surface Integrals and Flux
 - 14.6.1 Surface integrals (896)
 - 14.6.2 Orientation (899)
 - 14.6.3 Surface integral for flux (899)
 - 14.6.4 Moments and masses of thin shells (901)
- 14.7 Stokes' Theorem
 - 14.7.1 Curl vector (905, unlabeled)
 - 14.7.2~ Stokes' Theorem (906)
 - 14.7.3 Paddle wheel interpretation of curl (908)
 - 14.7.4 Proof of Stokes' Theorem for polyhedral surfaces (910)
 - 14.7.5 Stokes' Theorem for surfaces with holes (911)
 - 14.7.6 An important identity (911)
 - 14.7.7 Conservative fields and Stokes' Theorem (911)
- 14.8 The Divergence Theorem and a Unified Theory
 - 14.8.1 Divergence in three dimensions (914)
 - 14.8.2 Divergence Theorem (914)
 - 14.8.3 Proof of the Divergence Theorem
 - 14.8.4 Divergence Theorem for other regions
 - 14.8.5 Gauss' Law
 - 14.8.6 Continuity equation of hydrodynamics
 - 14.8.6 Unifying the integral theorems

Reordering of Chapter 14 of University Calculus, Hass, Weir, Thomas

- 1. Line integrals for scalar fields
 - 14.1.1 Definition and how to evaluate (851, unlabeled)
 - 14.1.2 Additivity (853)
 - 14.1.3 Mass and moment calculations (853)
- 2. Surface integral for scalar functions
 - 14.5.1 Parametrizations of surfaces (887)
 - 14.5.2 Surface area (888)
 - 14.6.1 Surface integrals (896)
- 3. Vector fields
 - 14.2.1 Vector fields (857)
 - 14.2.2 Gradient fields (859)
- 4. Line integrals for vector fields
 - 14.2.3 Work done by a force over a curve in space (859)
 - 14.2.4 Flow integrals and circulation for velocity fields (862)
 - 14.3.1 Path independence (868)
 - 14.3.2 Assumptions on curves, vector fields, and domains (868)
 - 14.3.3 Line integrals in conservative fields (870)
 - 14.3.4 Finding potentials for conservative fields (872)
- 5. Surface integrals for vector fields
 - 14.6.2 Orientation (899)
 - 14.6.3 Surface integral for flux (899)
 - 14.2.5 Flux across a plane curve (863)
- 6. Divergence and curl
 - 14.4.1 Divergence (878)
 - 14.8.1 Divergence in three dimensions (914)
 - 14.4.2 Spin around an axis: the \hat{k} -component of curl (879)
 - 14.7.1 Curl vector (905, unlabeled)
 - 14.7.3 Paddle wheel interpretation of curl (908)
 - 14.7.4~ Proof of Stokes' Theorem for polyhedral surfaces (910)
 - 14.7.6 An important identity (911)
- 7. The Divergence Theorem
 - 14.8.2 Divergence Theorem (914)
 - 14.8.7 Unifying the integral theorems

8. Stokes' Theorem

- 14.7.2 Stokes' Theorem (906)
- 14.4.3 Two forms for Green's Theorem (880) (tangential form)
- 14.4.4 Using Green's Theorem to evaluate line integrals (882)
- 14.7.6 An important identity (911)
- 14.7.7 Conservative fields and Stokes' Theorem (911)
- 9. Omitted
 - 14.3.5 Exact differential forms (874)
 - 14.4.3 Two forms for Green's Theorem (880) (normal form)
 - 14.4.5 Proof of Green's Theorem for special regions (883)
 - 14.5.3 Implicit surfaces (891)
 - 14.6.4 Moments and masses of thin shells (901)
 - 14.7.4 Proof of Stokes' Theorem for polyhedral surfaces (910)
 - 14.7.5 Stokes' Theorem for surfaces with holes (911)
 - 14.8.3 Proof of the Divergence Theorem
 - 14.8.4 Divergence Theorem for other regions
 - 14.8.5 Gauss' Law
 - 14.8.6 Continuity equation of hydrodynamics