## Mathematics 434

## March 27, 2001

Name

Directions: Be sure to include in-line citations, including page numbers if appropriate, every time you use the results of discussion, a text, notes, or technology. **Only write on one side of each page.** 

"The shortest path between two truths in the real domain passes through the complex domain." – Jacques Hadamard

"Such is the advantage of a well-constructed language that its simplified notation often becomes the source of profound theories." – P. S. Laplace

## 1 Problems

- 1. Do **one** of the following.
  - (a) Let R be an integral domain. Prove the polynomial ring R[x] is also an integral domain.
  - (b) Let R be an integral domain. Prove the invertible elements of the polynomila ring R[x] are the units of R.
- 2. Prove the maximal ideals in the ring of integers are the principal ideals generated by prime integers.
- 3. Determine the maximal ideals of  $\mathbf{R}[x] / (x^2 3x + 2)$  where  $\mathbf{R}$  denotes the real numbers.
- 4. Let R be a ring and let I be an ideal of R. Let M be an ideal of R containing I and let  $\overline{M} = M/I$  be the corresponding ideal of  $\overline{R}$ . Prove M is maximal if and only if  $\overline{M}$  is maximal.
- 5. Prove either of the following:
  - (a)  $\mathbf{Z}_{2}[x] / (x^{3} + x + 1)$  is a field.
  - (b)  $\mathbf{Z}_{3}[x] / (x^{3} + x + 1)$  is not a field.