## Due October 26

## Study Group Members

Name
Directions: Be sure to include in-line citations, including page numbers if appropriate, every time you use the results of discussion, a text, notes, or technology. Only write on one side of each page.
"Never express yourself more clearly than you are able to think." - Niels Bohr
"Iron rusts from disuse; stagnant water loses its purity and in cold weather becomes frozen; even so does inaction sap the vigor of the mind." - Leonardo da Vinci

## 1 Problems

Use what we have learned in Chapter 7 to evaluate any three (3) of the following indefinite integrals. Only use a table of integrals as a last resort.
1.

$$
\int \frac{d x}{x(1+\sqrt[3]{x})}
$$

2. 

$$
\int \frac{\cos (x)}{\sin ^{3}(x)-\sin (x)} d x
$$

3. 

$$
\int(\arcsin (x))^{2} d x
$$

4. The first step in using the method of partial fractions to evaluate the integral

$$
\int \frac{x^{3}-3 x^{2}+2 x-1}{x^{3}(x-3)^{2}\left(x^{2}+1\right)^{3}} d x
$$

is to write out an equation containing the partial fractions (each of which has undetermined coefficients in the numerator). Write out that equation for this integral but Do Not Solve.

